# Increasing Comprehensive Physical Exams (CPE) with Risk Assessments (RA)

Every child should have a comprehensive physical exam, including a risk assessment at least every two years (\*annually by WV Medicaid standards)

- HealthCheck is the West Virginia name for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) Program. These standards and guidelines are considered the "golden standard" for CPE.
- Beginning December 1, 2006 the HealthCheck Provider Manual is online at <u>http://www.wvdhhr.org/mcfh/ICAH/healthcheck/Default.htm</u> and click on "provider info".
- There are many different risk assessments available including the HealthCheck RA, Bright Futures and GAPS. Most SBHC utilize GAPS RA for users 12 years of age and older.

## Comprehensive Physical Exams (CPE)

- 1. How does your SBHC decide which students will receive a CPE/well child exam (EPSDT or not)?
  - a. Review charts to check for last exam date, or for request by parent for exam.
  - b. Include date of last physical on SBHC enrollment consent.
  - c. Some sites send home periodic letters to all students encouraging parents to use the SBHC for their child's regular exams.
- Has your SBHC developed any kind of "tickler system" to determine who is due for their well child exam? Can utilize Clinical Fusion or billing system to track physicals using V20.2 for CPE or V70.3 for partial exam i.e. sports physical.
- 3. How many well child exams are scheduled in advance each time that you are in the clinic? How do you go about scheduling the student? Is it necessary to schedule appointments in advance?
  - a. Clinics vary on the number scheduled in advance. A good goal to 2-3 per day.
  - b. Students/parents appreciate advance notice of the day. If the parent wants to attend, a definite time is given. If the parent is not able to attend, the student can be given the date only, to allow for flexibility with the schedule. When the SBHC has time for a visit, students may be asked if they would be wiling to receive their due exam, without prior notice.
- 4. Do you know your EPSDT Outreach Worker? How can this person help in getting eligible students to come to the clinic? How can we help them?
  - a. Many sites are already working with their local outreach worker.
  - b. Some sites give this person blank consent forms to give to families who have children in schools with SBHC.
- 5. How can we take advantage of sports physicals to increase well child exam rates? Most sites are routinely doing "Comprehensive Physical" exams, instead of the abbreviated typical sports physical. If due, this can count as the yearly EPSDT exam.

#### **Risk Assessments (RA) - GAPS**

 How can you get Health Guidance to Parents? Letters to parents, Newsletters, Info available at SBHCs, Parent support group, Letter with appropriate health education information sent to parents based on exam findings, Parent-teacher conference presentations, Paycheck stuffers, Invite parents to be seen when student is seen, what else?

#### 2. WHEN NOT TO OBSERVE CONFIDENTIALITY:

- a. Abuse (sexual, physical),
- b. Suicide or suicide threat,
- c. When the student might endanger others, Gunshot wound,
- d. Question on drug use/possession - need to ask schools about their policies
- 3. What are the benefits in implementing GAPS? Comprehensive screening of multiple health risks, Consistent data/info collection, Helps identify needed school-wide programs based on frequently identified risks, GAPS for is through-provoking for kids and focus on prevention. Studies have demonstrated that post-GAPS adolescents were much more likely to have received health education, were better able to understand how to access healthcare and improved the quality of preventive care provided to adolescents. What else?

### **Potential Barriers**

- 1. Time: Try selecting a small student population to use GAPS with until a system is developed. The form can save time by identifying issues more quickly.
- 2. Educating provider in use of GAPS: Have provider talk with other providers who've used GAPS.
- 3. Literacy levels: As students to leave blank any questions they don't understand, and let provider deal with unanswered questions.
- 4. Fear of raising more issues than can be dealt with: Keep track of which issues are being identified most and develop interventions to deal with common issues.
- 5. Lack of parent involvement: Include parent from in consent form.
- 6. Honesty of responses on form
- 7. Access to GAPS forms in charts

### Effective Systems for Prevention Self-Assessment

School:

Person Completing Form: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Question		Answer	Satisfaction
1.	Does your SBHC have a policy concerning risk assessment?		
2.	Does the policy contain the following		
	a. Identifies who does the risk assessment		
	b. Identifies what instrument is used		
	c. Identifies when risk assessment is done and how often		
	d. Identifies where risk assessment is done		
3.	Does your SBHC use a standardized risk assessment tool?		
4.	Has your SBHC defined each risk factor?		
5.	Has your SBHC staff prioritized risk?		
6.	After a student has completed the risk assessment, does a staff member and student develop a plan to address risk?		
7.	Has your SBHC staff developed a plan for student follow-up (recall)?		

#### GAPS Integrity Monitoring Scale – Chart Review

School: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Chart Identifier: Indicator 1. GAPS administered to appropriate student 2. GAPS administered within the parameters of a clinic visit 3. Student response was reviewed by the clinic staff 4. Follow-up was completed within 2 to 5 working days 5. Suicide and child abuse follow-up completed immediately when appropriate 6. Accurate scoring and identification of the risk factors 7. Interevention checklist completed accurately 8. Chart entry present in the progress note 9. GAPS form present in the chart 10. Student name is on every page of the GAPS 11. Provider signature and date are on the GAPS **12.** Problem sheet completed accurately 13. The following cases were reported a. Family/Personal Change-Sever Impact b. Working Over 20 Hrs – Adverse Impact c. Suspected Eating Disorder-Presence of Signs of Eating Disorder d. Academic Underachiever-Specific **Developmental Problems** e. Runaway Ideation – Current or Future Plan f. Depression-Moderate to Sever g. Past or Current Suicidal Ideation or Attempt h. Sexual Abuse / Allegation of Rape i. Physical Abuse j. Pregnancy k. Total Integrity

#### **Health Promotion Matrix**

	1		1	1	
Date			 		 
Health History Reviewed					
Confidentiality Reviewed					
Family-Personal Change					
Min Mod Severe					
Work more than 20 hrs.					
Min Adverse					
Poor Dietary Habit					
No weight prob. Under Over					
Weight-Eating Concern					
At Risk E.D. Suspected E. D.					
Physical Inactivity					
Insuff. Suff. Excess.					 
Academic Underachiever					
No dev. Problems Dev. problems					 
Limited Support System					
Id. Support No Support					 
Run Away					
Past id. Re-curr. Id. Current Plan					 
Injury Prevention					 
Gun at Home					 
Carrying a weapon					 
Physical conflict					
Trouble with the law					
Concern for Personal Safety					
Helmet nonuse					
Seatbelt nonuse					
Uncontrolled anger					
Exposure to violence					
At risk—Unintentional Injury					
At risk—Intentional Injury					
Tobacco use No use					
Use Friends Use Family Use					
Past Use Current Use					 
Alcohol – Drug Use No al use					
Al use Friends al use Family al use					
Drug use Fri. drug use Fam. Drug use					
No drug use					 
Sexuality					
S/O Had sex Unprot. Sex STD					
Hx pregnancy Teen parent					
Low Mod High			 		 
Allegation of Rape					
Incident report Not willing to					
pursue Sexual abuse not reported					
Risk of Infection					
Body Piercing Tattoo TB Risk					
Feelings of Sadness Minor Mod/Sev			 		 
Suicide Hx of Ideation Id. Plan					
Abuse Physical Sexual Emotional			 		 
Total Visit Time					 
Total Education Time					
Provider Initials	~ .		 		

Key: HO = Handout Given G = Group Session V = Video E = Education S = Assessment, Education, Counseling P = See Progress Note

Form from Health Care Centers in Schools

Place Label Here

Sex:	$\Box M$	$\Box$ F	
Grade:			
DOB:			
SS#:			

### **GAPS Intervention Checklist**

*Family/Pe	<mark>ersonal Change</mark> :	Minimum impact—reinforce positive behavior
		Moderate impact—encourage student to continue talking to support
		Severe impact—refer to staffing and social worker
Work mor	<mark>e than 20 hrs</mark> :	Minimum impact—warn student of possible adverse effect
		Adverse impact—refer to staffing, develop a plan involving parent
Poor dieta	ry habit:	No weight problem—review food choices and eating patterns
	-	Underweight—review food choices and eating patterns, f/u date
		Overweight—refer to nurse, weight management program f/u date
Weight/Ea	ting Concerns:	At risk for eating disorder—provide health guidance
	8	Suspected eating disorder—refer to staffing, refer to parent, case management PRN
——— Physical In	nactivity:	Insufficient—health guidance to increase activity
		Sufficient—reinforce positive behavior
		Excessive—counsel on risks of excessive activity
*Academic	<mark>c Underachiever</mark> :	No developmental problems—offer information on tutoring, P/T consultation
		Suspected Developmental Problems—refer to staffing, special education
		Special Education—IEP in place
*Limited S	Support System:	Identified support—encourage student to access support
	apport system.	No support—refer to social worker if needed
*Run Awa	v.	Past ideation/attempts—discuss alternative problem solving
	<del>.</del> .	Recurrent ideation—discuss alternative problem solving, follow-up date
		Current plan—refer to resources, contact parent/teacher, staffing
Injury Pre	wantiant (Cur	
injury rre	vention. ( <mark>Gui</mark>	at Home, Concern for Personal Safety, Helmet Nonuse, Seatbelt Nonuse, Exp. to Violer
	Com	At risk for unintentional injury—universal health guidance
	( <mark>Car</mark>	rying a Weapon, Physical Conflict, Trouble with the Law, Uncontrolled Anger)
Tahaaaa U		At risk for intentional injury—targeted health guidance acco Use, Friends Tobacco Use, Family Tobacco Use):
—— Tobacco U	se ( <u>100</u>	
		No student tobacco use—reinforce positive behavior, health guidance
		Past tobacco use—reinforce non use, health guidance
Alashal/Dr		Current tobacco use—Offer referral, discuss health risk and advantage of cessation
Alcohol/Dr	rug Use (Alco	bhol Use, Friends AU, Family AU, Drug Use, Friends DU, Family DU): Nonuse—reinforce positive behavior, health guidance
		Past/Experimental—targeted health guidance
		Use—Refer to I CARE or implement tx. Plan
Correction	( <mark>H</mark> or	
——— Sexuality	( <mark>HOI</mark> )	nosexuality, Had Sex, Unprotected Sex, STD, History of Pregnancy, Teen Parent):
		Low risk—refer to nursing staff Moderate to high risk—refer to nursing staff
—— Allegation	of Done	Incident reported—provide support, as needed refer to social worker
Anegation	or kape.	Not willing to pursue rape charge—discuss, contact parent, Referral to SRCC
		Sexual abuse not been reported—follow HCCS abuse protocol
Risk of Inf	Castion.	Body Piercing/Tattoo—refer to nursing staff, HBV
	ection.	
	f Codmora	TB Risk Identified—refer to nursing staff, TB
	or Sauriess:	Minor depression—supportive counseling, reinforce normal development
C	(TT:	Moderate/severe—refer to staffing, refer for further evaluation
Suicide	(HISI	tory of Suicidal Ideation/Attempts, Suicidal Ideation):
41		Complete HCCS suicide protocol
Abuse	( <mark>Phy</mark>	sical Abuse, Sexual Abuse):
		Been reported—determine need for f/u, refer to staffing
.*		Not been reported—follow HCCS abuse protocol
* <u>Addendu</u>	m Needed	

**Provider Signature** 

Date